

Protocolli per ottimizzare la gestione delle linee infusionali

Inf . D. Giustivi

Vascular Access Team ASST Lodi

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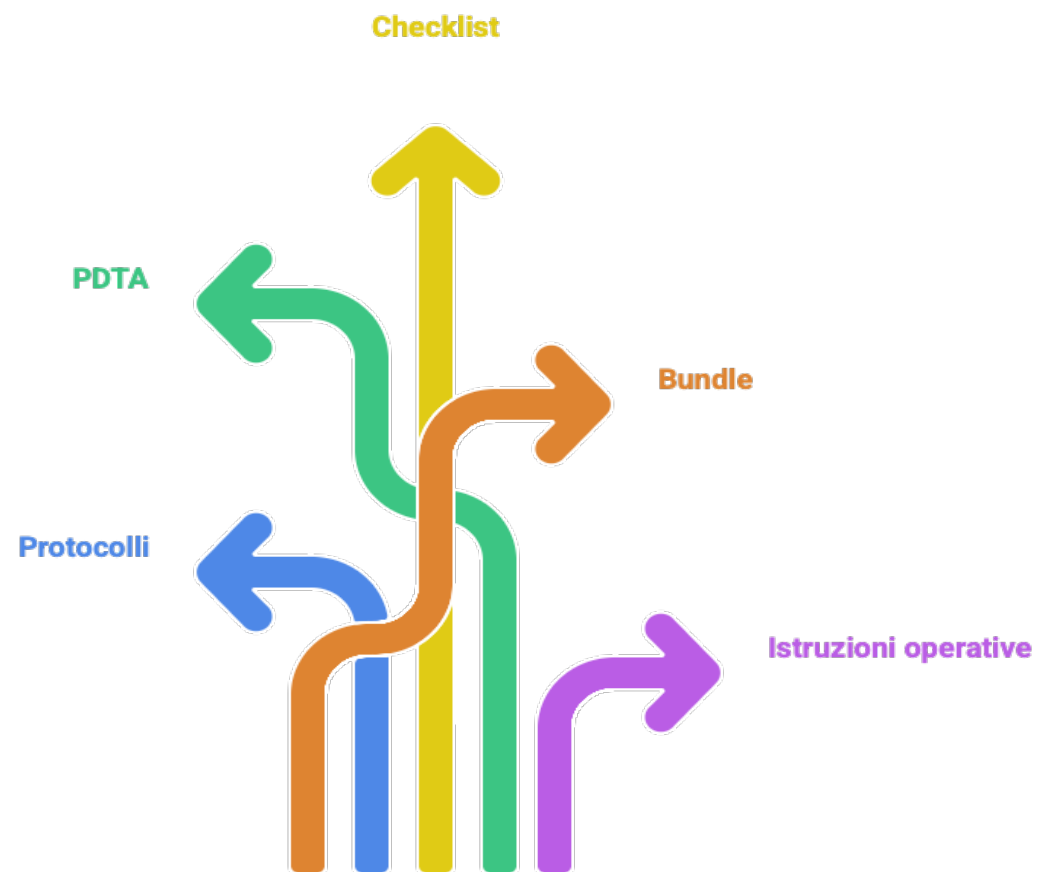
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Premessa



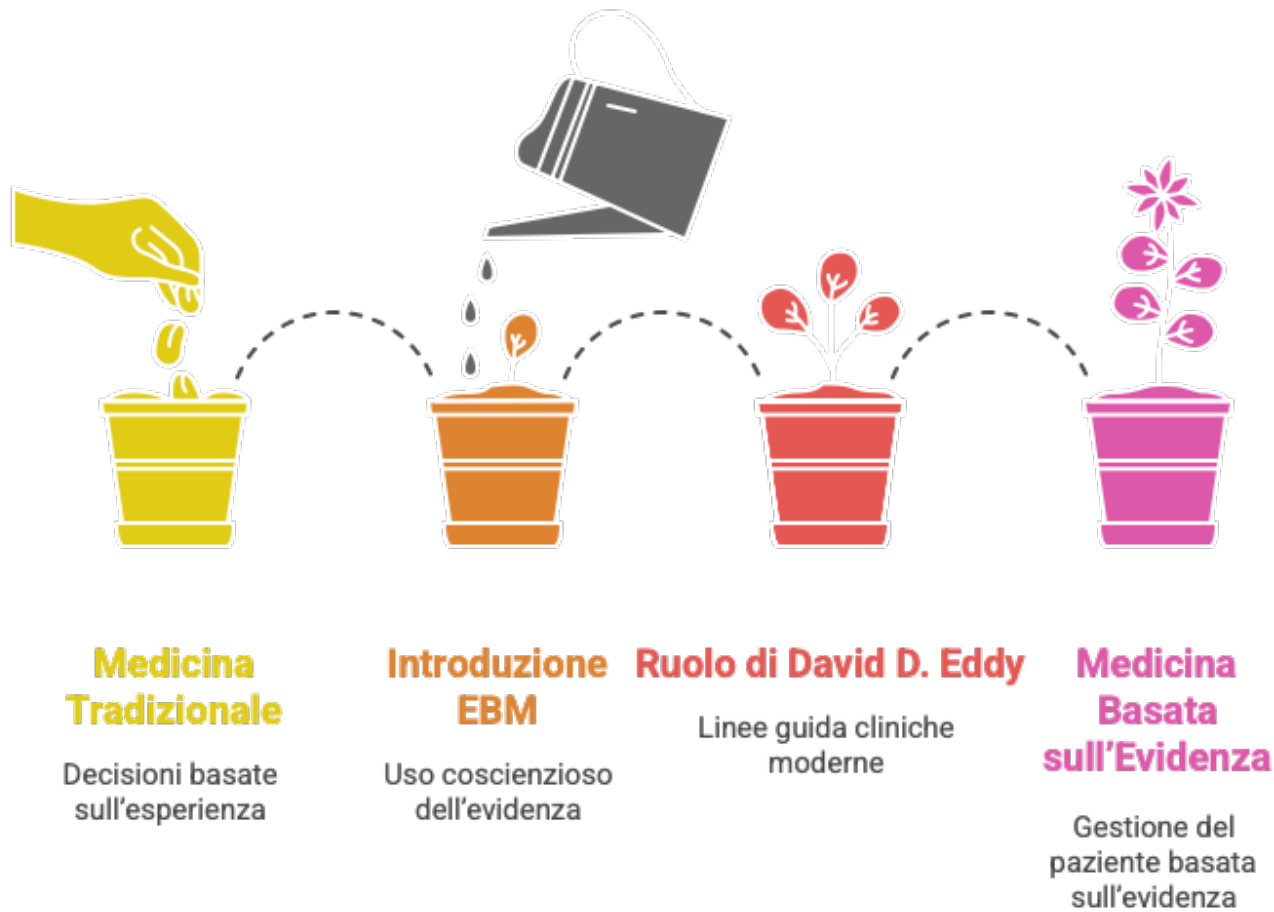
Protocolli: dall'antico egitto al XVIII secolo



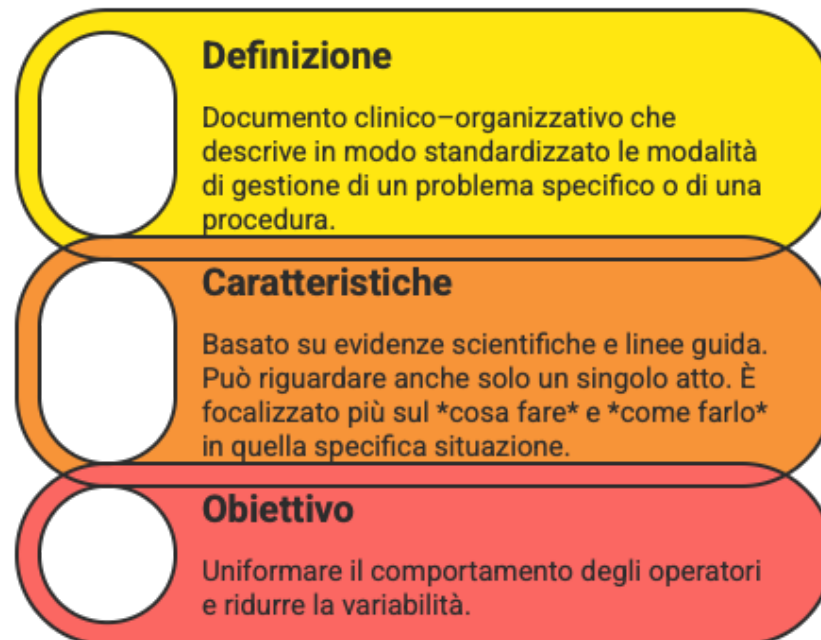
Protocolli: l'era moderna



Evoluzione dell'EBM



Caratteristiche di un protocollo



Caratteristiche di un PDTA

Definizione

Strumento di organizzazione sanitaria che integra diagnosi, terapia, follow-up e assistenza lungo tutto il percorso del paziente.

Caratteristiche

Ha una visione multidisciplinare e multiprofessionale. Non si limita a una singola procedura, ma descrive l'intero iter di presa in carico del paziente. Include la sequenza temporale delle attività, le responsabilità dei diversi professionisti e i punti di raccordo tra ospedale e territorio.

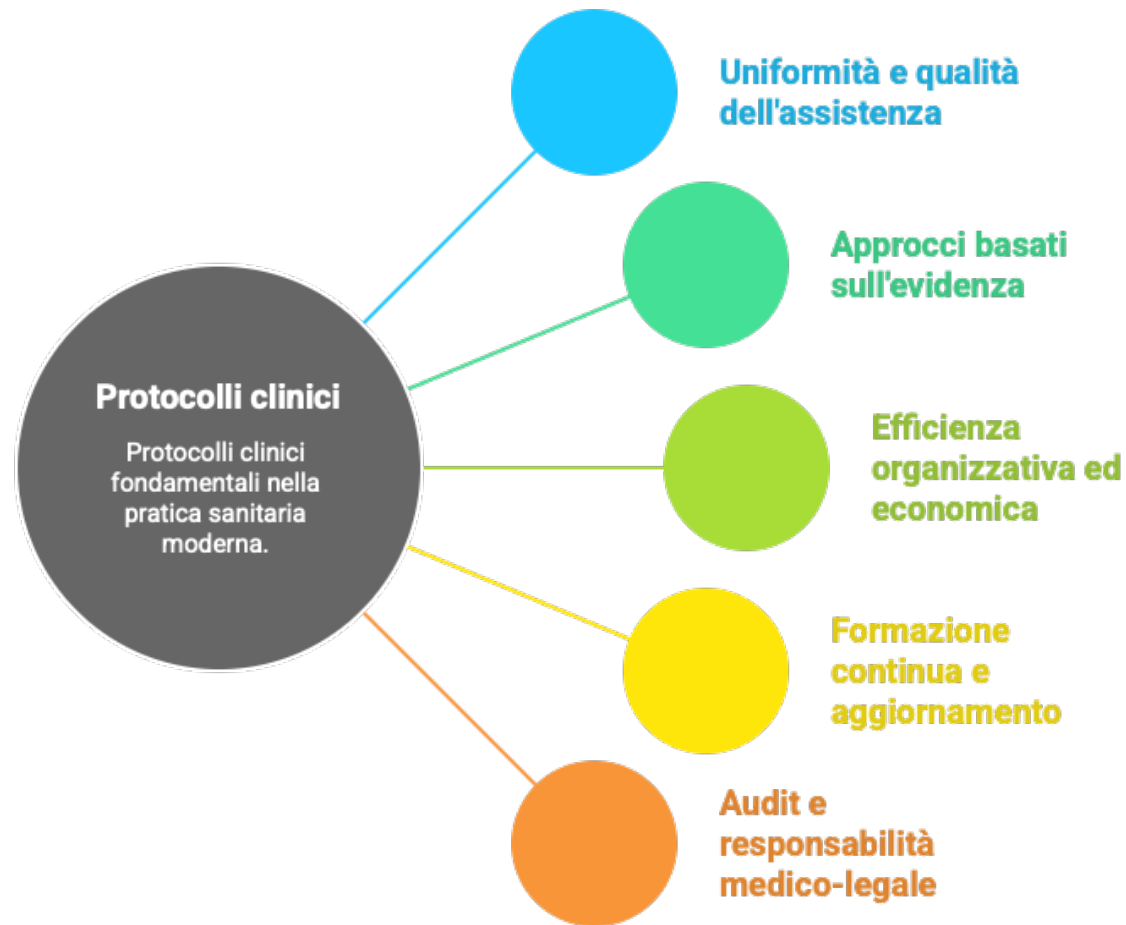
Obiettivo

Garantire continuità assistenziale, appropriatezza delle cure e centralità del paziente.

Le principali differenze

Caratteristica	Protocollo	PDTA	Procedura	Istruzione
Definizione	Strumento tecnico e specifico	Percorso complessivo e trasversale	Standard in passaggi pratici	Esecuzione concreta di un compito
Esempio	Posizionamento del PICC	Cura del paziente oncologico	Nessun esempio	Nessun esempio

Utilità di un protocollo



Critiche alle attuali linee guida

Evidenze di Gestione Limitate

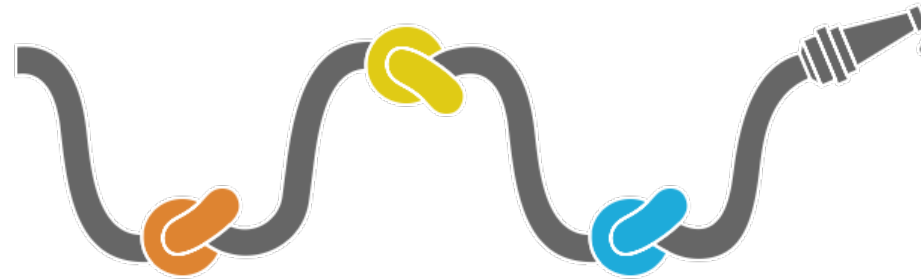
Maggior attenzione sulla selezione/impianto, non sulla gestione

Dichiarazioni deboli nelle Linee Guida

Le linee guida suggeriscono dichiarazioni di "necessità" a causa di evidenze scarse (ad esempio INS 2024 spesso le raccomandazioni sono di grado inferiore al 3)

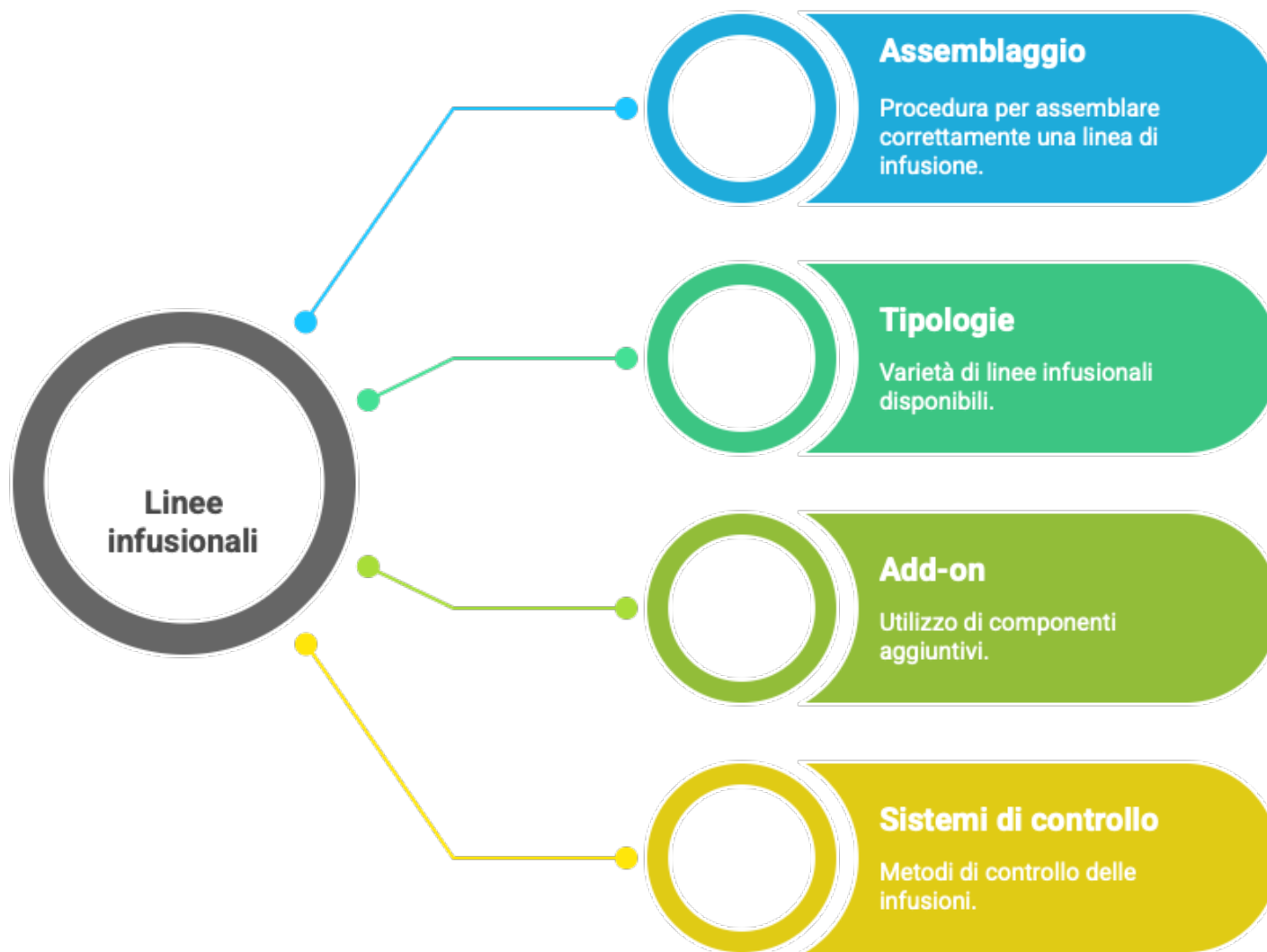
Focus su Problemi Ristretto

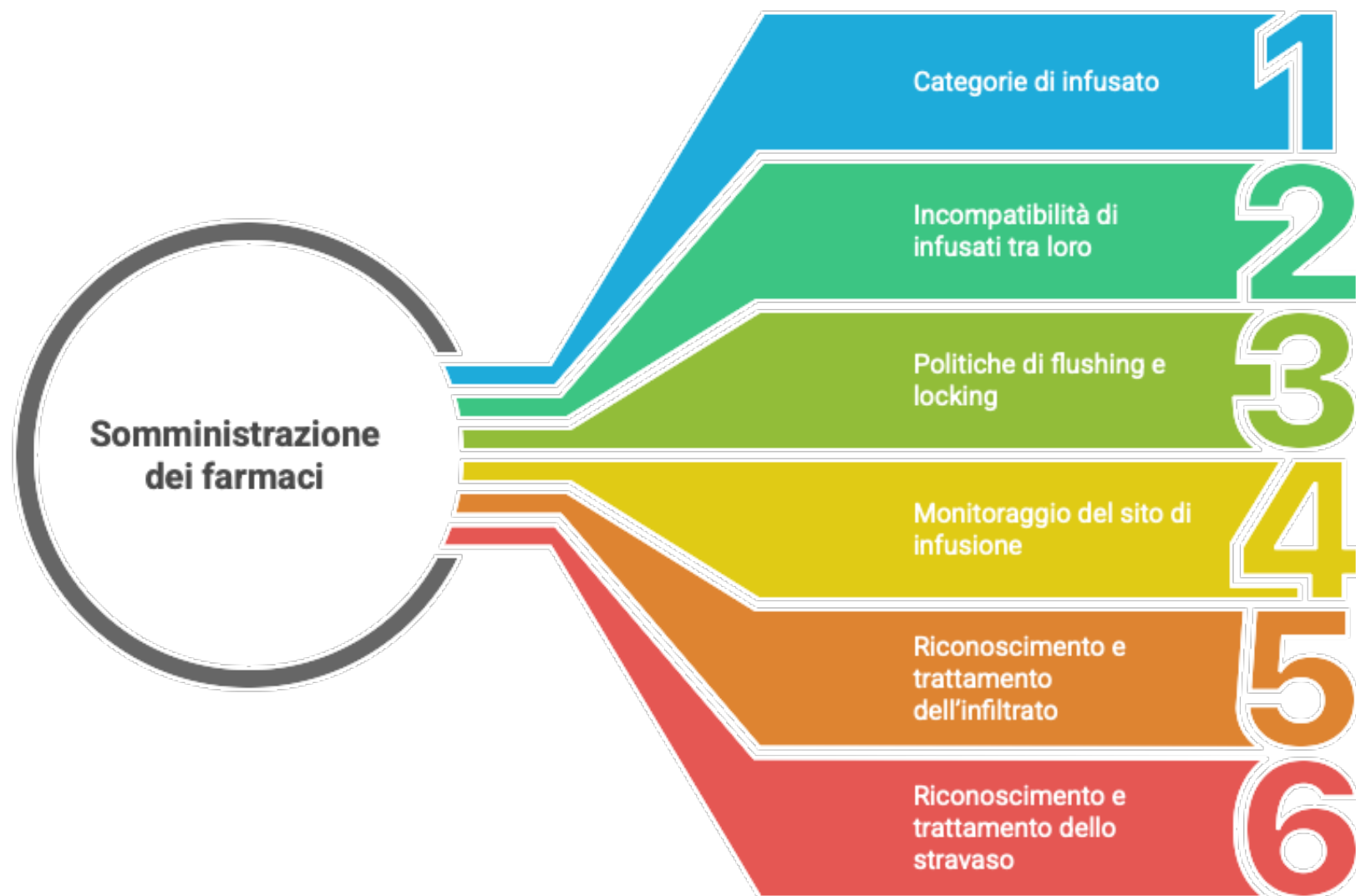
Focalizzato su un singolo problema, non su una visione globale

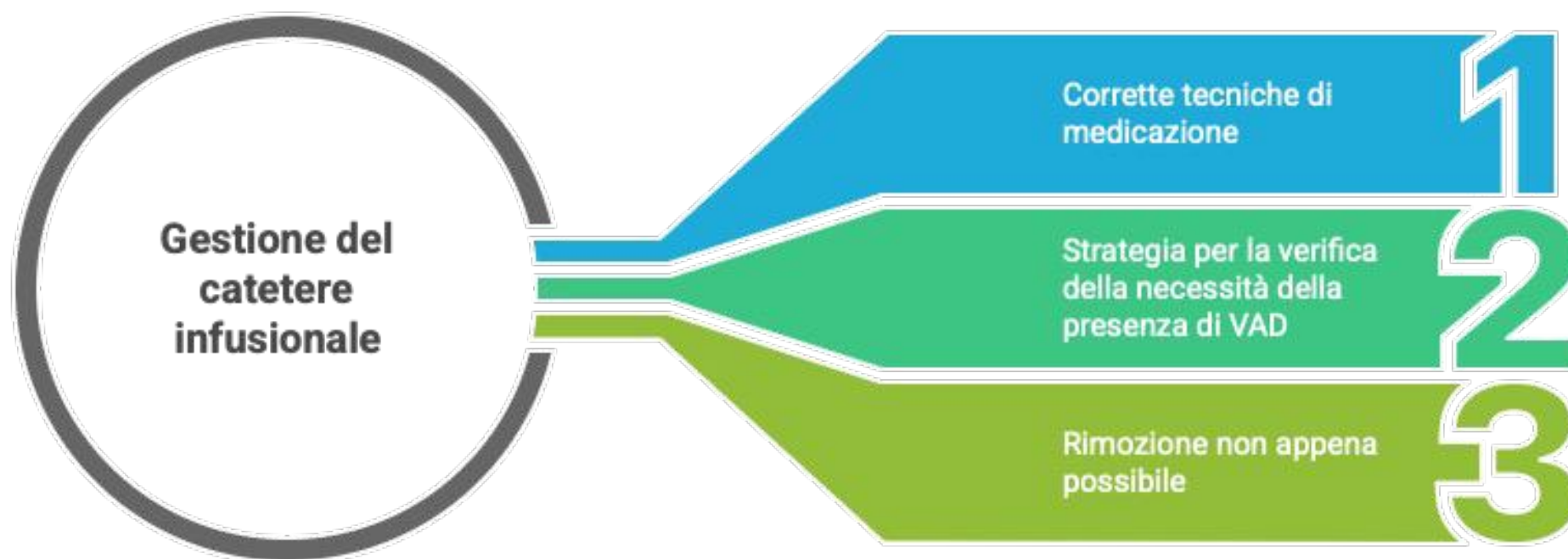


La giusta ricetta.....

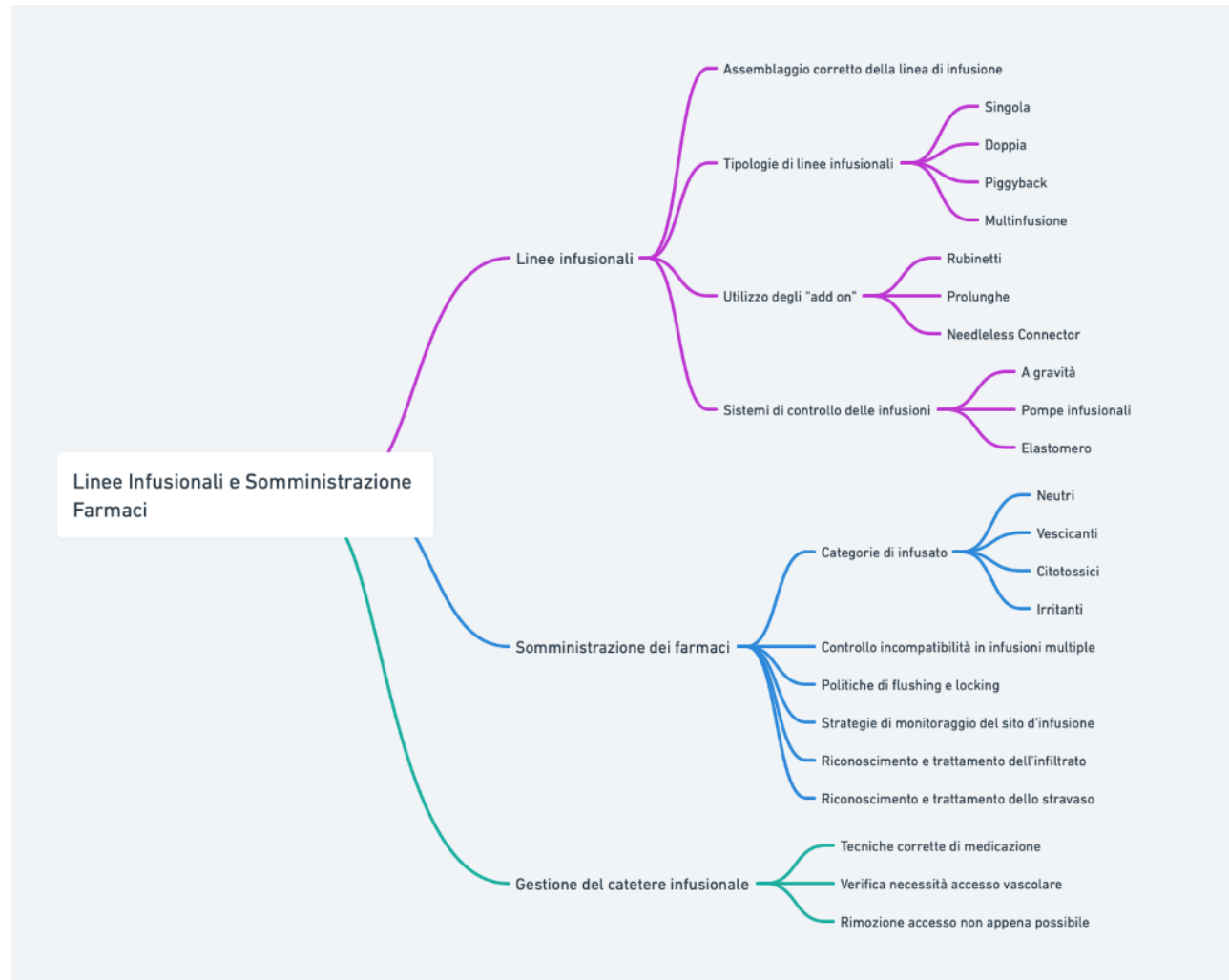








Conclusioni



Take Home messages

- I documenti in nostro possesso spesso risultano più solidi nella fase di **selezione e impianto** che non nella **gestione quotidiana**.
- Sono spesso **monotematici** e raramente forniscono una **visione integrata**.
- Molte raccomandazioni derivano da evidenze **deboli**, perciò serve integrare solide basi provenienti da «aree differenti» (es: **Infection Prevention and Control**).
- Un protocollo efficace richiede: **evidenze scientifiche, flussi di lavoro realistici e istruzioni operative chiare**.



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